

Rep. Alma Allen Rep. Rafael Anchía Rep. Michelle Beckley Rep. Diego Bernal Rep. Rhetta Bowers Rep. John Bucy III Rep. Elizabeth Campos Rep. Terry Canales Rep. Sheryl Cole Rep. Nicole Collier Rep. Philip Cortez Rep. Jasmine Crockett Rep. Yvonne Davis Rep. Joe Deshotel Rep. Alex Dominguez Rep. Harold Dutton Rep. Art Fierro Rep. Erin Gamez Rep. Barbara Gervin-Hawkins Rep. Jessica González Rep. Mary González Rep. Vikki Goodwin Rep. Bobby Guerra Rep. Ryan Guillen Rep. Ana Hernandez Rep. Abel Herrero Rep. Gina Hinojosa Rep. Donna Howard Rep. Celia Israel Rep. Ann Johnson Rep. Jarvis Johnson Rep. Julie Johnson Rep. Jolanda Jones Rep. Tracy King Rep. Oscar Longoria Rep. Ray Lopez Rep. Armando Martinez Rep. Trey Martinez Fischer Rep. Terry Meza Rep. Ina Minjarez Rep. Joseph Moody Rep. Christina Morales Rep. Eddie Morales Rep. Penny Morales Shaw Rep. Sergio Muñoz Jr. Rep. Victoria Neave Rep. Claudia Ordaz Perez Rep. Evelina Ortega Rep. Mary Ann Perez Rep. Ana-Maria Ramos Rep. Richard Peña Raymond Rep. Ron Reynolds Rep. Eddie Rodriguez Rep. Ramon Romero Rep. Toni Rose Rep. Jon Rosenthal Rep. Carl Sherman Rep. James Talarico Rep. Shawn Thierry Rep. Senfronia Thompson Rep. Chris Turner Rep. John Turner Rep. Hubert Vo Rep. Armando Walle Rep. Gene Wu Rep. Erin Zwiener Sen. Sarah Eckhardt Sen. Royce West Sen. John Whitmire Sen. Judith Zaffirini

TEXAS LEGISLATIVE STUDY GROUP

An Official Caucus of the Texas House of Representatives

LSG Policy Report: Maternal Mortality and Reproductive Health State Must Act Now on Life and Death Matters

September 28, 2022

LSG Colleagues and Supporters,

Last June, the Texas Legislative Study Group published a policy report titled <u>'Texas Still</u> <u>Ranks Last in Healthcare Access</u>.' A portion of this report focused on how lacking access to health care is often dangerous to those who need reproductive or pregnancy care.

The abrupt decision announced by the Department of Health and Human Services (DSHS) to withhold the legally required (Section 34.015A, Texas Health and Safety Code) maternal death data report from the Texas Maternal Mortality and Morbidity Review Committee (MMMRC) raised serious concerns among legislators and healthcare providers.

The reasons given for withholding the report were never, to our knowledge, stated publicly until after the agency missed its September 1 statutory deadline to produce the MMMRC's biennial report. In a hearing this month with the MMMRC, DSHS Commissioner Hellerstedt said the agency wanted "to better align its methodology with that of other states, and that <u>there hadn't been enough staff and money</u> to finish the review for a September 1 release."

Those of us who serve on the Appropriations Committee would have welcomed DSHS if they had come to us months ago with concerns about "staff and money" and given us the opportunity to provide the funds needed to get the job done. Fortunately, we have five or six months before we start voting in the 88th legislative session, ample time to get past election year concerns and get the data we need instead of waiting until the 2025 legislative cycle. We cannot wait that long to address this life and death policy issue.

Thank you,

I. Walle

Rep. Armando L. Walle Chair, Texas Legislative Study Group

LSG Policy Report: Maternal Mortality and Reproductive Health State Must Act Now on Life and Death Matters

Maternal Mortality

The United States rate of maternal mortality is <u>double the rate of</u> any other developed nation. Making matters worse, the Texas Medical Association (TMA) points to a <u>study</u> that found Texas is the worst state in terms of access to prenatal and maternal health care.

• Dr. Rakhi Dimino, chair of the TMA Committee on Reproductive, Women's and Perinatal Health, said one of the main reasons for the ranking is "the difficulties

The Legislative Study Group (LSG) is a bipartisan caucus in the Texas House of Representatives that is committed to developing sound public policy that benefits all Texans. Founded in 1993, the LSG has worked through thirteen regular sessions and numerous more special sessions of the Texas Legislature, becoming one of the leading policy shops in the Texas Capitol. Printed in house.



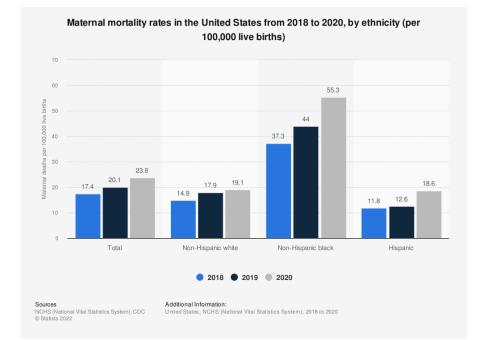
Rep. Alma Allen Rep. Rafael Anchía Rep. Michelle Beckley Rep. Diego Bernal Rep. Rhetta Bowers Rep. John Bucy III Rep. Elizabeth Campos Rep. Terry Canales Rep. Sheryl Cole Rep. Nicole Collier Rep. Philip Cortez Rep. Jasmine Crockett Rep. Yvonne Davis Rep. Joe Deshotel Rep. Alex Dominguez Rep. Harold Dutton Rep. Art Fierro Rep. Erin Gamez Rep. Barbara Gervin-Hawkins Rep. Jessica González Rep. Mary González Rep. Vikki Goodwin Rep. Bobby Guerra Rep. Ryan Guillen Rep. Ana Hernandez Rep. Abel Herrero Rep. Gina Hinojosa Rep. Donna Howard Rep. Celia Israel Rep. Ann Johnson Rep. Jarvis Johnson Rep. Julie Johnson Rep. Jolanda Jones Rep. Tracy King Rep. Oscar Longoria Rep. Ray Lopez Rep. Armando Martinez Rep. Trey Martinez Fischer Rep. Terry Meza Rep. Ina Minjarez Rep. Joseph Moody Rep. Christina Morales Rep. Eddie Morales Rep. Penny Morales Shaw Rep. Sergio Muñoz Jr. Rep. Victoria Neave Rep. Claudia Ordaz Perez Rep. Evelina Ortega Rep. Mary Ann Perez Rep. Ana-Maria Ramos Rep. Richard Peña Raymond Rep. Ron Reynolds Rep. Eddie Rodriguez Rep. Ramon Romero Rep. Toni Rose Rep. Jon Rosenthal Rep. Carl Sherman Rep. James Talarico Rep. Shawn Thierry Rep. Senfronia Thompson Rep. Chris Turner Rep. John Turner Rep. Hubert Vo Rep. Armando Walle Rep. Gene Wu Rep. Erin Zwiener Sen. Sarah Eckhardt Sen. Royce West Sen. John Whitmire Sen. Judith Zaffirini

TEXAS LEGISLATIVE STUDY GROUP

An Official Caucus of the Texas House of Representatives

women face in getting health care coverage both before and after their hospital stay to give birth."

- The study concluded that "in addition to having the lowest percentage of women 18 to 44 with health care coverage and the lowest percentage of women with a primary care provider, Texas also has a high teen birth rate (22.4 births per 1,000 women ages 15 to 19) and a high infant mortality rate (5.5 per 1,000 live births). Finally, the state has the fifth-highest cesarean C-section delivery rate in the country."
- In 2020, non-Hispanic Black people who give birth had the highest rates of maternal mortality in the United States at <u>55 deaths per 100,000 live births</u>. The total maternal mortality rate in the U.S. increased from 17.4% in 2018 to 23.8% in 2020, an even more alarming increase in the maternal mortality rates by ethnicity.



The 87th Legislature, Action followed by State Leaders' Inaction

As part of the 2021 American Rescue Plan Act, the federal government eased the application requirements for states that expanded Medicaid for 12 months postpartum. During the 87th regular session, the Texas House passed <u>HB133</u> by <u>Representative Toni</u> <u>Rose</u>. As passed out of the Texas House, HB133 provided Texans who give birth with Medicaid coverage for 12 months postpartum, as recommended by the <u>Texas Maternal</u> <u>Mortality & Morbidity Review Committee</u>, medical experts, and healthcare advocacy organizations. However, the Texas Senate only agreed to have a vote on HB133 with a reduction to six months of postpartum coverage. The Senate-approved version of the bill ultimately did not meet Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services requirements and was not approved.

The Legislative Study Group (LSG) is a bipartisan caucus in the Texas House of Representatives that is committed to developing sound public policy that benefits all Texans. Founded in 1993, the LSG has worked through thirteen regular sessions and numerous more special sessions of the Texas Legislature, becoming one of the leading policy shops in the Texas Capitol. Printed in house.



Rep. Alma Allen Rep. Rafael Anchía Rep. Michelle Beckley Rep. Diego Bernal Rep. Rhetta Bowers Rep. John Bucy III Rep. Elizabeth Campos Rep. Terry Canales Rep. Sheryl Cole Rep. Nicole Collier Rep. Philip Cortez Rep. Jasmine Crockett Rep. Yvonne Davis Rep. Joe Deshotel Rep. Alex Dominguez Rep. Harold Dutton Rep. Art Fierro Rep. Erin Gamez Rep. Barbara Gervin-Hawkins Rep. Jessica González Rep. Mary González Rep. Vikki Goodwin Rep. Bobby Guerra Rep. Ryan Guillen Rep. Ana Hernandez Rep. Abel Herrero Rep. Gina Hinojosa Rep. Donna Howard Rep. Celia Israel Rep. Ann Johnson Rep. Jarvis Johnson Rep. Julie Johnson Rep. Jolanda Jones Rep. Tracy King Rep. Oscar Longoria Rep. Ray Lopez Rep. Armando Martinez Rep. Trey Martinez Fischer Rep. Terry Meza Rep. Ina Minjarez Rep. Joseph Moody Rep. Christina Morales Rep. Eddie Morales Rep. Penny Morales Shaw Rep. Sergio Muñoz Jr. Rep. Victoria Neave Rep. Claudia Ordaz Perez Rep. Evelina Ortega Rep. Mary Ann Perez Rep. Ana-Maria Ramos Rep. Richard Peña Raymond Rep. Ron Reynolds Rep. Eddie Rodriguez Rep. Ramon Romero Rep. Toni Rose Rep. Jon Rosenthal Rep. Carl Sherman Rep. James Talarico Rep. Shawn Thierry Rep. Senfronia Thompson Rep. Chris Turner Rep. John Turner Rep. Hubert Vo Rep. Armando Walle Rep. Gene Wu Rep. Erin Zwiener Sen. Sarah Eckhardt

Sen. Royce West Sen. John Whitmire

Sen. Judith Zaffirini

TEXAS LEGISLATIVE STUDY GROUP

An Official Caucus of the Texas House of Representatives

Fortunately, the Public Health Emergency (PHE) is still in affect and does not allow for the removal of individuals from the Medicaid program. This is providing Texans who give birth the extended coverage they need. However, Texas must act quickly in the event of an end to the PHE. During the next legislative session, the Governor could designate 12 months postpartum care as emergency legislation which would allow the bill to pass quickly. Currently, <u>there are 26 states</u> that have extended Medicaid coverage to 12 months postpartum, including Republican led states such as <u>North Carolina</u>.

Abortion Ban Impacts and Delays Lifesaving Treatment

The impact of the SCOTUS vote overturning Roe v. Wade is being felt by people with the capacity for pregnancy, healthcare providers, doctors, and their families here in Texas. Due to the passage of HB1280 during the 87th regular session, providing an abortion is now illegal in Texas, with the only exception being to end a pregnancy tMhat would kill or severely injure the pregnant person. This is especially unconscionable in Texas, given the state's lack of healthcare access and inadequate resources to assist parents with raising a child.

- Texas provides minimal resources to those who are pregnant, their families, and children after they are born, and the impact of such extreme measures comes with extreme consequences. Absent significant additional state resources, Texans will continue to pay a steep price for such callous neglect.
- Texas has an unrealized need for affordable family planning services and our current system is inadequate. <u>About 2 million Texans</u> need publicly funded family planning, but only 291,000 Texans received these services through state family programs in 2019.
- Texas teenage birth rates far exceed the national average in teenage birth rates and <u>consistently ranks in the top 10 nationally</u>. This can be partially attributed to the optional and sub-par sex education Texas students receive as well as the lack of access to contraceptives for Texas youth.

The negative effects of HB1280 and other restrictive abortion policies is egregious. Every situation that Democrats, abortion advocates and doctors warned Republicans about seems to have manifested itself in our state. *Personal stories best communicate the cruelty of the Texas abortion ban and the reason a majority of Texans oppose the extremity of this law.*

- <u>Texas' abortion laws led to 3-day delay for Houston woman's pregnancy loss</u> <u>treatment.</u>
- <u>How Texas' abortion laws turned a heartbreaking fetal diagnosis into a cross-</u> <u>country journey.</u>
- <u>Baylor College of Medicine says Texas Abortion law uncertainty is making doctors</u> <u>lost confidence and needs clarity.</u>
- <u>Texas Medical Association seeks action after hospitals delay care for pregnant patients.</u>

The Legislative Study Group (LSG) is a bipartisan caucus in the Texas House of Representatives that is committed to developing sound public policy that benefits all Texans. Founded in 1993, the LSG has worked through thirteen regular sessions and numerous more special sessions of the Texas Legislature, becoming one of the leading policy shops in the Texas Capitol. Printed in house.